



## Syllabus

**Syllabus****Oscillations**

simple harmonic oscillator  
 complex representation of oscillations  
 damping (emphasizing underdamped case)  
 driven oscillations and resonance, quality factor

**Mechanical Waves**

nondispersive wave eq. from wave kinematics (traveling waves)  
 harmonic traveling waves, complex representation  
 wave eq. for transverse waves on string  
 wave eq. for sound (1D)  
 Doppler effect

**Superposition**

standing waves  
 d'Alembert's general solution of the wave eq.  
 boundary conditions  
 reflection & transmission at fixed, free, change in medium; impedance  
 Fourier series  
 beats  
 group velocity, dispersion relations

**Energy in mechanical waves**

energy densities & flow rates  
 continuity equation  
 intensity, spherical waves

**EM waves**

Maxwell's eq in differential forms  
 wave eq for EM waves in vacuum  
 properties of EM plane waves  
 polarization  
 energy densities, Poynting vector, intensity  
 EM waves in dielectrics, index of refraction

**Interference & Diffraction**

two slit experiment  
 Michelson interferometer  
 multiple slits, gratings, resolving power  
 finite slit width  
 circular aperture, resolution  
 thin films

**Quantum physics**

photoelectric effect, the photon  
 Compton scattering  
 connection between classical EM wave and photons  
 de Broglie relation, interference & diffraction with electrons  
 time-dependent Schrodinger eq. (aka "quantum wave equation")  
 stationary states, time-independent Schrodinger eq.  
 particle in a box  
 probability density  
 finite well  
 H atom energy levels, line spectra  
 uncertainty principle  
 tunneling

**Math Skills**

In addition to the math skills you've used in Physics 1112 and 2213, we will use:

complex numbers (in particular, the complex representation of sinusoidal functions; Euler's identity; modulus of a complex number; polar form; real and imaginary parts)  
 partial derivatives (understanding what a partial derivative is)  
 differential equations (but we won't use any fancy techniques)  
 vector calculus (vector differential operator 'del'; gradient, divergence, curl, Laplacian)

OK